1. Are all National Standardization Organizations obliges to implement all standards from the European and international de jure standardization organizations?

 A: Yes, that applies to all formal standardization organizations

 B: No, never

 C: No, that is just the case for CEN and CENELEC

2. True or false? The public consultation process is a vital part of the standardization system. A: True

 B: False

3. Which areas do CENELEC have responsibility for?

 A: Standards for telecommunication and IT

 B: Electrotechnical standards

 C: All other types of standards

4. What does the name ISO stand for?

A: International Organization for Standardization

 B: Internal Standards Organ

 C: International Standards Organ

5. Where do you go to participate in the standardization process?

 A: I contact the European or international organization directly to become member of one of their technical committee

B: I contact my National Standardization Organization where I can become member of the relevant technical committees

 C: The European Commission

6. How often must a formal standard be reviewed for revision purposes?

 A: Every second year

 B: Within five years

 C: Never

7. Are formal standards always structured the same way?

A: Yes, to make it easier to read

B: No, the structure depend on the standard

8. What is the role of a TC Secretary?

A: Making sure the work is done according to the current rules and trying to push the work in a safer and more sustainable direction

B: Have a neutral role and the job of writing the standard based on the input and discussions on the TC

C: Taking care of the administrative work and making sure the current rules are followed while maintaining a neutral role in the committee